JOURNAL of EUROPEAN and AMERICAN INTELLIGENCE STUDIES

AN INTERNATIONAL PEER-REVIEWED JOURNAL

Research Institute for European and American Studies – RIEAS
Department of Security and Intelligence Studies – Coastal Carolina University
Mission and Scope

The Journal of European and American Intelligence Studies (JE AIS, formerly the Journal of Mediterranean and Balkan Intelligence — JMBI) is published by the Research Institute for European and American Studies (RIEAS) under the editorial direction of the Department of Security and Intelligence Studies at Coastal Carolina University. It is an international academic-led scholarly publication that focuses on the field of intelligence and related areas of study and practice, such as terrorism and counterterrorism, domestic and international security, geopolitics, and international relations. The journal’s rationale is driven by the global nature of security challenges, where we are called more than ever to communicate and work collaboratively to solve our common problems. Thus, the JEAIS aspires to promote an international dialogue between diverse perspectives and experiences, based on original research on the broader European and American practice and study of intelligence. The JEAIS is an all-inclusive academic platform that allows accomplished and emerging scholars and practitioners from both the public and private sectors to share their knowledge, ideas and approach to intelligence studies. By crafting each journal issue through a rigorous and highly selective screening process of potential contributors, and an exhaustive review process, the JEAIS adheres to its mission, which is three-fold: (a) to provide an equal opportunity for academics and practitioners of intelligence to discuss and challenge established and emerging ideas; (b) to address existent knowledge gaps by advancing new knowledge; and (c) to shape the evolution of intelligence scholarship beyond traditional communities of research.
JOURNAL of EUROPEAN and AMERICAN INTELLIGENCE STUDIES

An international peer-reviewed journal

Sponsored by the Research Institute for European and American Studies – RIEAS

Under the editorial supervision of the

Department of Security and Intelligence Studies – Coastal Carolina University

Founding/Honorary Editor

John M. Nomikos

Director, Research Institute for European and American Studies, Greece

Managing Editors

Christian Kaunert

Chair of Policing and Security, University of South Wales
Professor of International Security and Chair of the International Masters in Intelligence, Strategy and Security Studies, Dublin City University, United Kingdom

Joseph Fitsanakis

Professor of Security and Intelligence Studies and Director of the Intelligence Operations Command Center, Coastal Carolina University, United States

Editorial Board

Adam Svendsen (UK) Jorhena Thomas (USA)
Shlomo Shpiro (Israel) Humberto Hinestrosa (Venezuela)
Bob de Graaff (The Netherlands) Kiril Avramov (Bulgaria)
Michael Goodman (UK) Glen Segell (Israel)
Andrew Liaropoulos (Greece) Jonathan Acuff (USA)
Leo S.F. Lin (Taiwan) Darko Trifunovic (Serbia)
Thomas Wegener Friis (Denmark) Jonathan Smith (USA)
Yannis Stivachtis (USA)

Coastal Carolina University Supervisory Board

Anne Berler Christopher Ferrero
Mark Chandler Bridget Nolan
Matthew Cobb Jordan Roberts

Cover Artist

Lauren Wolf
(www.artbylaurenwolf.com, E-mail: lawolf90@gmail.com)
Contents

Editor’s Note
Joseph Fitsanakis ........................................................................................................................................ page 9

Alliances and Conflicts Among Jihadist Groups in West Africa
Marco Fais .................................................................................................................................................. page 13

The Crime-Terrorism Nexus in Europe: Time to Break the Security Silos
Monica den Boer ........................................................................................................................................ page 39

Safeguarding the Philippine FinTech Sector from Terrorism Financing
Amparo Pamela Fabe, Christian Kaunert, Sylvia Laksmi and Joan Andrea Toledo ........... page 61

Greek Intelligence Service (NIS-EYP): New Wine, Old Bottles
John M. Nomikos and Anthony Ioannidis ................................................................................................. page 81

Research & Analysis Wing (R&AW): The Cutting Edge of Indian Foreign Intelligence
Raagini Shekher Sharma ............................................................................................................................ page 93

Call for Papers and Editorial Guidelines
JEAIS Editors ............................................................................................................................................... page 109
Editor’s Note

Joseph Fitsanakis
Professor, Department of Intelligence and Security Studies, Coastal Carolina University

Broadly defined, intelligence is the collection and analysis of information that can improve decision-making. With this simple yet effective definition in mind, and guided by its transnational mission, the Journal of European and American Intelligence Studies (JEAIS) is pleased to present this, its ninth publication (volume 5, issue 1). It consists of five carefully selected studies that present the reader with useful information on pressing issues and topics of regional or global significance.

In his article entitled “Alliances and Conflicts Among Jihadist Groups in West Africa,” Marco Fais provides a meticulous examination of the intricate mosaic of jihadist militancy in what is an increasingly volatile region. Fais, an analyst with the International Criminal Police Organization (INTERPOL), focuses on a number of broad phenomena that are shaping the outlook and operations of militant jihadist groups in West Africa. These include an ongoing convergence between previously disparate groups, which in turn facilitates their territorial expansion. Confusingly, this is taking place against a background of constant conflict between jihadist groups and government forces, but also between—and even within—jihadist groups themselves. As some groups are converging, others are fragmenting. Meanwhile, the leading jihadist groups in the region are beginning to pursue goals for regional domination, and even trying to emulate the state-building efforts of the Islamic State in Iraq and Syria during 2015-2017. The author concludes his analysis with a set of timely recommendations for intelligence and security agencies in West Africa and beyond.

Monica den Boer, a Professor of Military Policing Operations at the Netherlands Defence Academy, transitions our attention to criminal and terrorist activity in the European security space. In her article entitled “The Crime-Terrorism Nexus in Europe: Time to Break the Security Silos,” den Boer points out that the European Union has made significant strides in the areas of combatting organized crime and countering terrorism in recent years. Yet, she cautions that the intersection between organized crime and terrorism remains relatively unexplored. She asks whether this is because of the absence of empirical evidence, and
points to the existence of information silos that appear to be preventing the collation of intelligence that could shed more light to the unexplored nexus between organized crime and terrorism. Given the ongoing growth of interoperability in the European Union security context, den Boer proposes an urgent re-examination of this critical nexus, which, in her view, could lead to major improvements in terrorism prevention.

In our third article, a multinational team of experts based in the Philippines, the United Kingdom and Australia, shed light on yet another pressing concern relating to terrorism—namely its financing aspects. Amparo Pamela Fabe, Christian Kaunert, Sylvia Laksmi and Joan Andrea Toledo concentrate on the Philippine financial technology (fintech) sector, which—as they point out—is Asia’s second-largest, next only to Indonesia’s. In their article entitled “Safeguarding the Philippine FinTech Sector from Terrorism Financing,” the authors argue that the Philippine fintech ecosystem can generate a host of useful lessons on how to promote the digitization of financial services, while at the same time preventing their use for terrorist financing purposes. This is easier said than done, however, which is why the authors push for a series of practical recommendations. These include implementing a carefully customized legal framework, which will be monitored by a politically independent oversight authority. To achieve this, technical training for law enforcement, judicial and prosecutorial staff will be critical, as will be the establishment of expanding public-private partnerships, the authors conclude.

The article selection in our present issue includes a guest appearance by John Nomikos, Founding Editor of JEAIS, who revisits a major theme of his research—namely the need for reforming the Greek intelligence services. Along with his co-author, Anthony Ioannidis, Assistant Professor of Management at the Athens University of Economics and Business, Nomikos outlines the present-day challenges faced by the Greek National Intelligence Service (NIS, or Ethniki Ypiresia Pliroforion, EYP, in short NIS-EYP). The authors summarize the recent evolution of the organization, focusing especially on the periodic reforms that have shaped its current institutional form. They argue, however, that these reforms have led to chronic imbalances in the NIS-EYP, which must be corrected if the agency is to break away from its over-bureaucratization, its endemic factionalism and, ultimately, its inability to provide timely and actionable intelligence support to civilian decision-makers.

Our final author provides us with a rare glimpse into the foreign intelligence service of what is often referred to as the world’s oldest democracy—namely India. Through her exploration of Indian-based open sources, the author, Raagini Shekher Sharma, Senior Analyst at the Research Institute for European and American Studies (RIEAS), traces the evolution of the Research & Analysis Wing (R&AW)—India’s equivalent to the United States’ Central Intelligence Agency. Her analysis touches on the R&AW’s operational successes and failures, which have traced India’s turbulent history since 1968, when the
spy agency was established. The reader is left with a basic understanding of the R&AW’s mission and operational capabilities, as seen through a number of known operations conducted by it. Given the secrecy that characterizes the R&AW, this article can serve as a useful departure point for Asia-focused intelligence researchers.

The JEAIS editorial team thanks our authors for adding their informed voices to yet another well-timed and insightful issue of this publication. True to its founding mission, JEAIS remains responsive to its readership, whose members are encouraged to contact the editorial team with comments, suggestions and criticism about our content.
CALL FOR PAPERS

The Journal of European and American Intelligence Studies (JEIAS, formerly the Journal of Mediterranean and Balkan Intelligence — JMBI) is seeking papers focusing on the field of intelligence and related areas of study and practice, such as terrorism and counterterrorism, domestic and international security, geopolitics, and international relations. The papers should contain or examine original research on the broader European and American practice and study of intelligence, but also highlight intelligence themes from other regions of the world, to include Africa and Asia, as well as Oceania. Submissions will undergo rigorous and highly selective screening, as well as an exhaustive review process. Particular attention will be paid by the editors to papers that discuss and challenge established or emerging ideas, address existent knowledge gaps by advancing new knowledge on intelligence-related topics, and examine intelligence scholarship beyond traditional communities of research.

Relevant Topics Include

- international intelligence cooperation
- intelligence operations
- intelligence analysis
- inter-agency cooperation
- practitioner-policymaker relations
- military intelligence
- politicization of intelligence
- counterintelligence
- intelligence and sub-state violence
- intelligence and privacy
- intelligence and democracy
- intelligence ethics
- intelligence, race and gender

Abstracts of up to 200 words may be submitted to:
secretary@rieas.gr; christian.kaunert@southwales.ac.uk; and jfitsanak@coastal.edu
Instructions for Authors

- Submitted manuscripts must be maximum 8,000 words, excluding a 250-word abstract (required) and any footnotes, as well as references. Manuscripts that exceed the word limit will be automatically rejected and returned to their authors.

- Manuscripts will be accepted for submission and evaluation with the understanding that their content is unpublished, original work by their authors, and have not been submitted for publication elsewhere.

- All accepted manuscripts and artwork become the property of the publisher, which is the Research Institute for European and American Studies (RIEAS).

- The entirety of manuscripts, including title page, abstracts, tables, legends, and references, should be typewritten and submitted in a Word-type file. No portable document format (PDF) documents will be accepted.

- Submissions should be 1.5-spaced and use Times New Roman size 12 as their standard font.

- All margins should be at least one inch in length, and all pages should be numbered consecutively throughout the manuscript.

- Titles must be as brief and clear as possible. On the title page, please include full names of authors, their academic and/or other professional affiliations, their contact information (including email accounts) and their complete mailing address for correspondence.

- All references should be numbered consecutively and listed as footnotes at the end of every page. In the text, references should be cited by a superior character of the corresponding number.