Waccamaw Regional Economic Outlook

Summer 2014

August 13, 2014
Rob Salvino
Coastal Carolina University



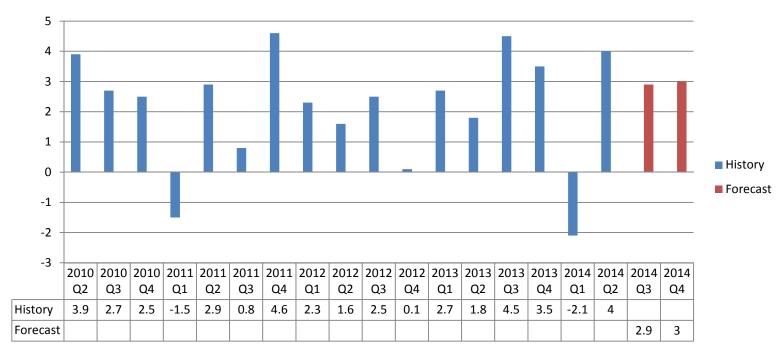
Executive Summary

The spring quarter (March, April, May) showed strong growth in tourism and construction, and in employment as a result of the growth. This growth provides evidence that the mixed performance of the winter quarter was largely weather-related. Airport passenger deplanements were up 9.4 percent in the spring quarter and occupancy and average daily rates on rooms were both up, 3.5 percent and 0.4 percent respectively. Hospitality fee revenue was up 5.5 percent in Horry County. Single family residential construction continued to increase, edging up another 11.1 percent in the spring quarter. New residential construction is now at a level closer to that seen in 2002 and 2003, high volume by historical measures. Retail sales were up for the quarter in all three counties, with the percentage gain greatest in Williamsburg County at 8.4 percent over the same guarter last year. Employment gains continued in all three counties, while the unemployment rate continued its sharp decline relative to last year. We expect employment gains year over year to continue at a somewhat slower pace in the summer and fall quarters, and likewise the drop in the unemployment rates should begin to slow. The unemployment rates in the spring quarter were 5.6, 5.8, and 7.0 percent for Georgetown, Horry, and Williamsburg Counties respectively. New residential construction volume should continue to climb, with some risk on the horizon coming from elevated prices on lots available for building and also from interest rate risk.

Helpful Notes and Reminders

- Tourism Quarters: To reflect the importance of the seasons, offset by 1 month so that Q1 (Winter) is December, January, February, Q2 (Spring) is March, April, May, Q3 (Summer) is June, July, August and Q4 (Fall) is September, October, November.
- National data is based on normal calendar year, e.g. GDP 1st quarter is for January, February, March.
- All data reflect the period of business activity, unless otherwise noted.
- Receipts and collections of tax revenue by SC DOR may not coincide with period of business activity, e.g. retail sales business activity shows quarterly spikes; however the actual business activity may not resemble this periodic behavior.
- Reported and estimated changes in rate measures are reported as unit changes rather than
 percent changes, for example the unemployment rate movement from 6% to 6.5% is shown as a
 movement of one-half of a point (0.5).
- In November, 2011 SC DOR received a ruling to aggressively pursue taxes on VRBO properties as far back as ten years. The reporting does not adjust for the actual period of business activity and is reflected in the period of collection.

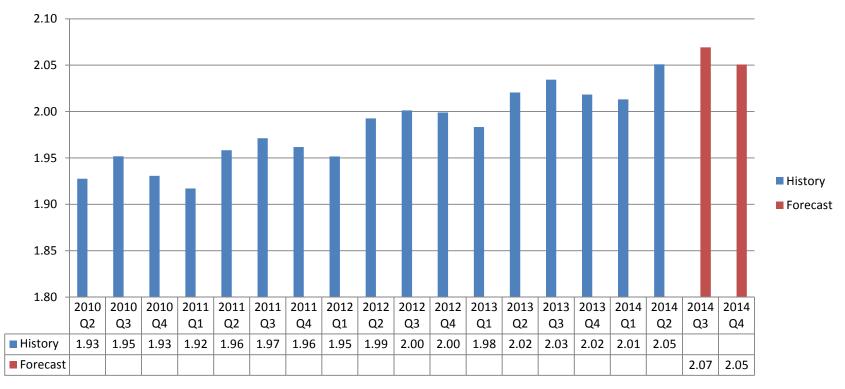
Annualized Real GDP Growth (%)



Source: U.S. Department of Commerce: Bureau of Economic Analysis



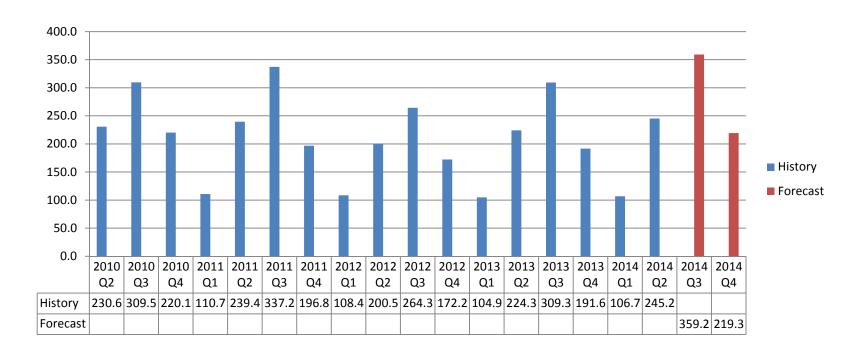
South Carolina Employment (Millions)



Source: Bureau of Labor Statistics



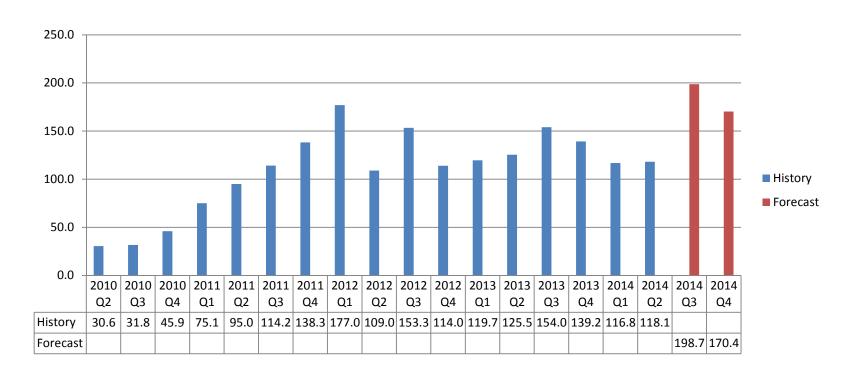
MYR Airport Deplanements (Thousands)



Source: Myrtle Beach International Airport



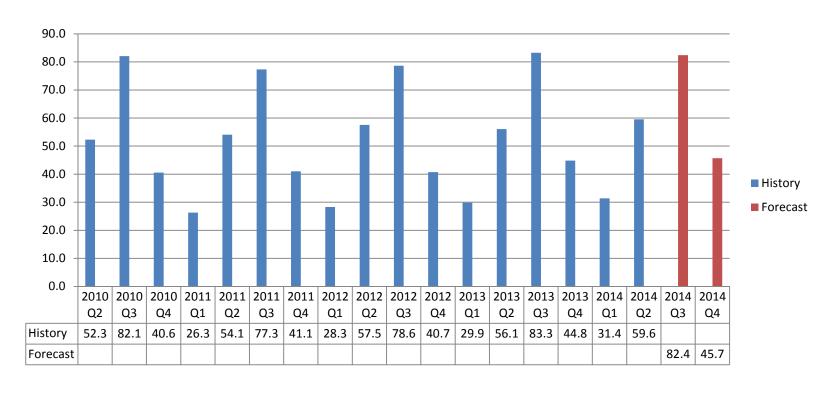
Georgetown Port Tonnage (Thousands)



Source: Georgetown Port Authority



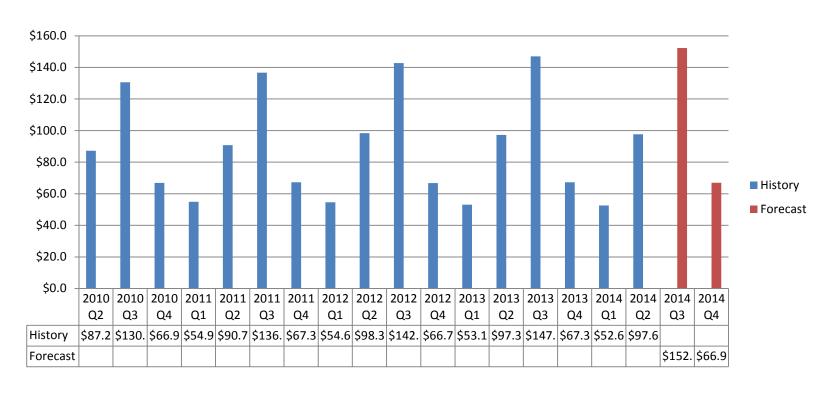
Hotel-Condotel-Campground Occupancy Rate



Source: Clay Brittain Jr. Center for Resort Tourism



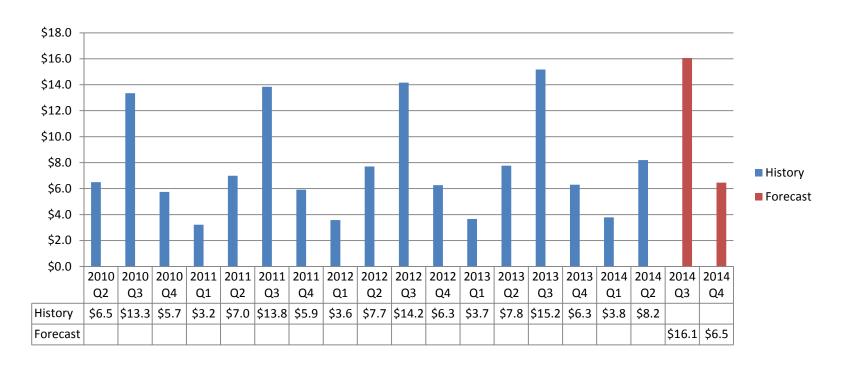
Hotel-Condotel-Campground Average Daily Rate



Source: Clay Brittain Jr. Center for Resort Tourism



Horry 1.5% Hospitality Fee Revenue (\$Millions) (County-wide fees on accommodations, prepared foods, beverages, admissions)



Source: Horry County Government

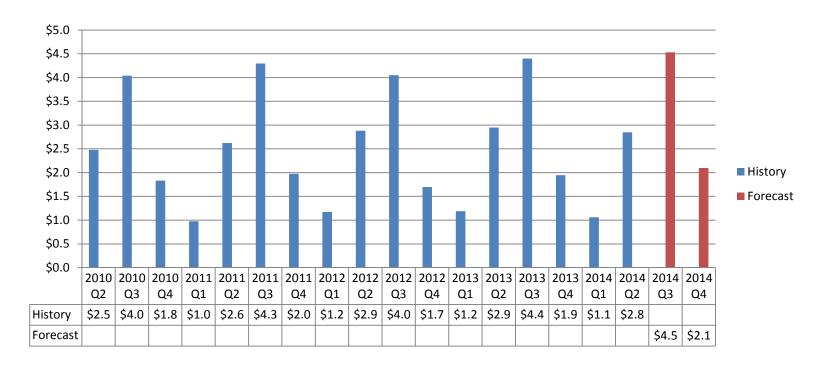


Accommodations Tax Revenue (\$Millions)

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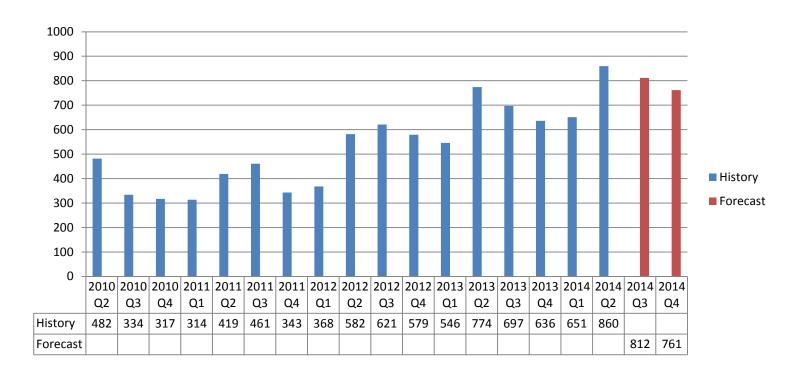


5% State Admissions Tax (\$ Millions)





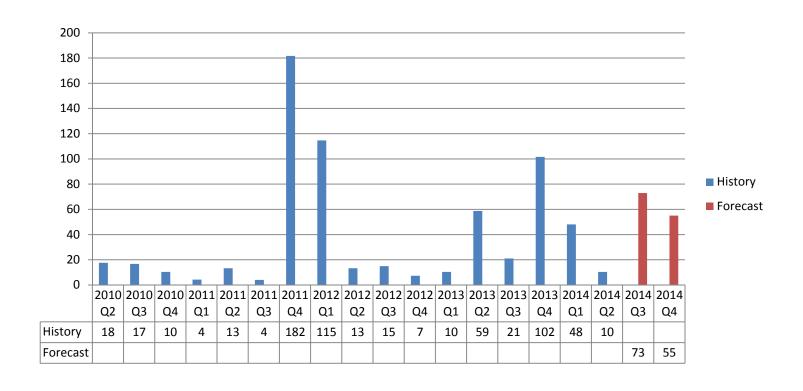
Regional Single Family Permits



Source: HUD State of the Cities Data System



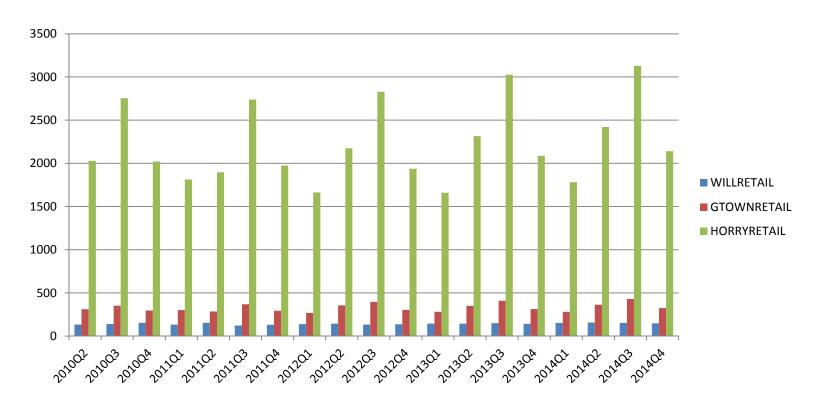
Regional Multi-family Permits



Source: HUD State of the Cities Data System

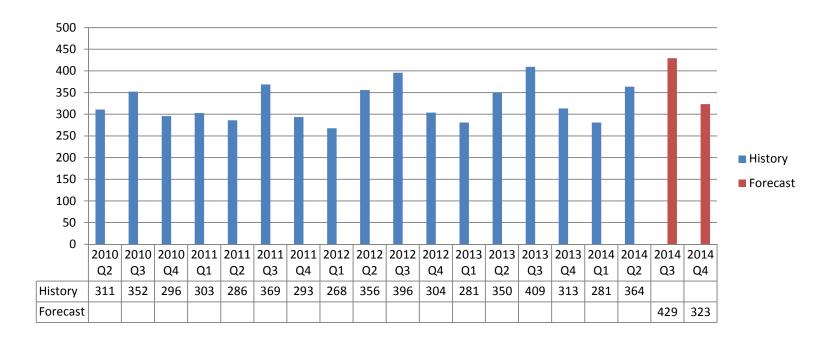


Regional Retail Sales (\$ Millions)



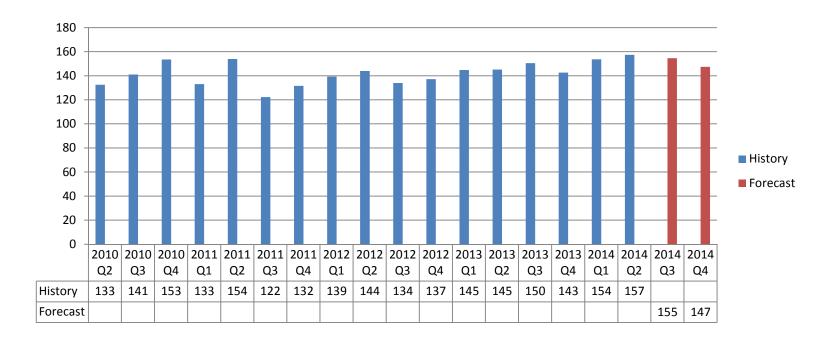


Georgetown Retail Sales (\$ Millions)



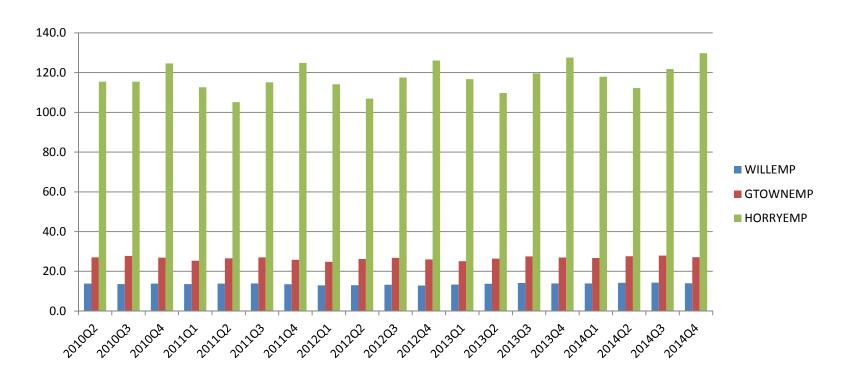


Williamsburg Retail Sales (\$ Millions)



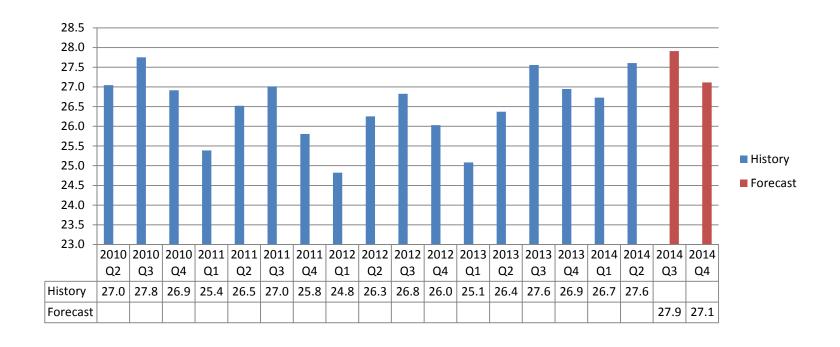


Regional Employment Breakout (Thousands)



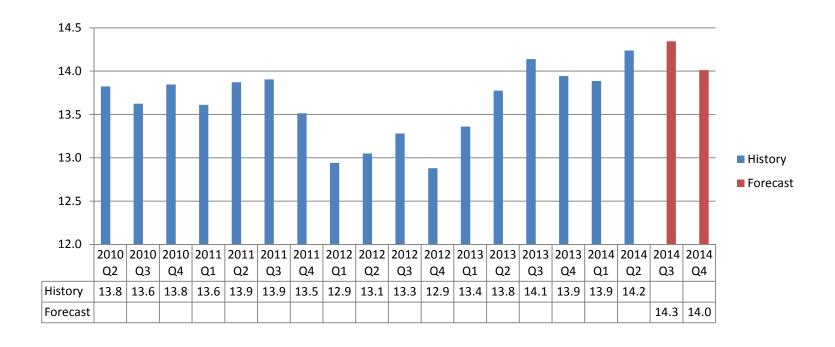


Georgetown Employment (Thousands)



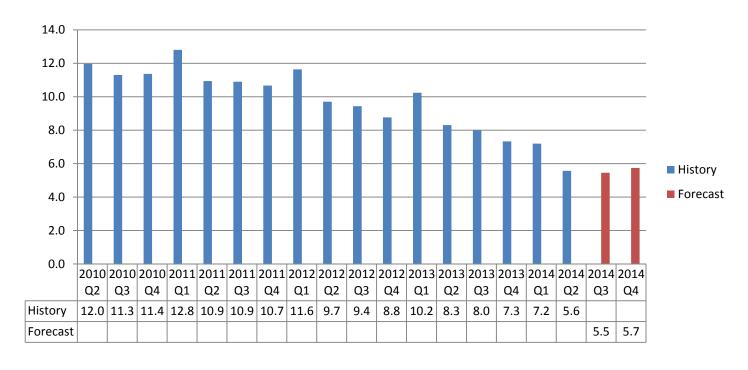


Williamsburg Employment (Thousands)



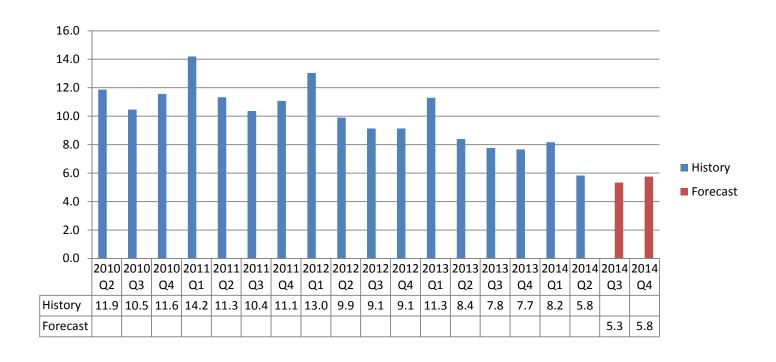


Georgetown Unemployment Rate



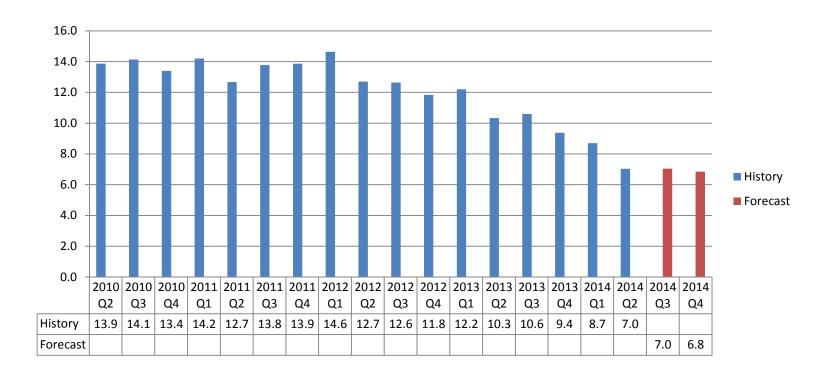


Horry Unemployment Rate





Williamsburg Unemployment Rate





Regional Economic Outlook Board: Summer 2014

Presented to: The Waccamaw Regional Council of Governments' Regional Economic Outlook Board

Prepared and Presented by Dr. Rob Salvino, Research Economist, Center for Economic and Community Development E. Craig Wall Sr. College of Business Administration, Coastal Carolina University

August 2014

	Value						Percent Change from Previous Year		
	History Previous Quarter Spring 2014		Forecast Current Quarter Summer 2014		Forecast Next		History Previous	Fore cast Current	Forecast Next
						Quarter	Quarter	Quarter	Quarter
					Fall 2014		Spring 2014	Summer 2014	Fall 2014
Airport Deplanements (thousands)		245.2		359.2		219.3	9.4	16.1	14.5
Port Tonnage (thousands)		118.1		198.7		170.4	-5.9	29.1	22.4
Occupancy Rate (Full Week)		59.6		82.4		45.7	3.5	-0.9	0.9
Average Daily Rate (Full Week)	\$	97.6	\$	152.3	\$	66.9	0.4	5.3	-0.3
Horry County 1.5% Hosp. Fee Revenue (\$millions)	\$	8.2	\$	16.1	\$	6.5	5.5	5.9	2.6
Accommodations Tax Revenue (\$millions) ^a	No	No updates received from SCDOR since February, except FY is up and May is up in general.							
Admissions Tax Revenue (\$millions)	\$	2.8	\$	4.5	\$	2.1	-3.4	3.0	7.7
Regional SF Building Permits*		860		812		761	11.1	16.5	19.7
Regional MF Building Permits*		10		73		55	-82.4	247.0	-45.8
Retail Sales (\$millions)									
Georgetown County	\$	363.7	\$	429.3	\$	323.5	3.9	4.9	3.2
Horry County	\$ 2,420.5		\$	\$ 3,128.0		2,141.1	4.5	3.3	2.5
Williamsburg County	\$	157.3	\$	154.5	\$	147.4	8.4	2.7	3.4
Employment (thousands)									
Georgetown County	27,606		27,908		27,113		4.7	1.3	0.6
Horry County	122,040		132,333		121,540		2.0	3.7	3.1
Williamsburg County	14,238		14,344		14,012		8.4	2.7	3.4
Unemployment Rate									
Georgetown County		5.6		5.5		5.7	-2.7	-2.5	-1.6
Horry County		5.8		5.3		5.8	-2.6	-2.4	-1.9
Williamsburg County		7		7.0		6.8	-3.3	-3.6	-2.5

Notes: Spring quarter is March - May, Summer is June - August, Fall is September - November, Winter is December - February. Retail Sales, Accomodations Tax Revenue and Admissions Tax Revenue represent the period of business activity. For example, Accommodations Taxes for Summer represent the business activity incurrec during the Summer quarter. Percent change from previous year is relative to the same quarter from the previous year. For example, percent change for Summer 2010 is the percent change between Summer 2009 and Summer 2010. Rate given is absolute change for: Occupancy Rate, ADR and Unemployment Rates. For example, the given change for the Occupancy Rate during Summer 2009 is simply the Summer 2010 Occupancy Rate minus the Summer 2009 Occupancy Rate.

aSCDOR received a ruling in November 2011 allowing it to more aggressively pursue tax from VRBO properties. Monthly reporting may include back payments from last 10 years.

February collections in 2013 for Georgetown County were adjusted to -\$278k - negative. *Williamsburg County analysis began August 2013

Regional Economic Outlook: August 2014 Questions may be directed to Dr. I

Questions may be directed to Dr. Rob Salvino, 843-349-2719, rsalvino@coastal.edu